

Preliminary Certificate

Microanalytical Reference Material

MSNA-NP-B02

Nano-particulate pressed powder pellet

Certified Values

Certified Values

Analyte	Value	Uncertainty (95% CL)	Unit	Method	Analyte	Value	Uncertainty (95% CL)	Unit	Method
Na	0.59	0.02	g/100g	A, D, E	Cs	82.2	2.1	µg/g	A, C
Mg	0.82	0.03	g/100g	D, E	Ва	360	13	µg/g	A, C, D
Al	14.85	0.38	g/100g	D, E	La	14.5	1.5	µg/g	B, C
Si	23.38	0.81	g/100g	D, E	Ce	32.2	2.9	µg/g	B, C
Ca	0.53	0.02	g/100g	D, E	Pr	3.52	0.29	µg/g	C
Fe	2.24	0.06	g/100g	D, E	Nd	13.1	1.0	µg/g	C
Li	84.4	6.5	µg/g	Α	Sm	2.90	0.32	µg/g	C
Р	471	60	µg/g	A, D, E	Eu	0.35	0.06	µg/g	C
Ti	1812	57	µg/g	A, D, E	Gd	2.6	0.4	µg/g	C
V	54.68	8.43	µg/g	A, C	Tb	0.44	0.06	µg/g	C
Cr	52	4	µg/g	C, D	Dy	2.75	0.43	µg/g	C
Mn	421	17	µg/g	A, B, D, E	Но	0.49	0.08	µg/g	C
Co	5.2	0.3	µg/g	A, B	Er	1.49	0.25	µg/g	C
Ni	36.8	1.9	µg/g	A, B	Tm	0.18	0.04	µg/g	A, C
Cu	162	7	µg/g	A, B	Yb	1.35	0.16	µg/g	C
Zn	1318	72	µg/g	A, B	Lu	0.17	0.03	µg/g	A, C
Ga	102	2	µg/g	A, C	Hf	2.8	0.4	µg/g	C
Sr	56.7	2.5	µg/g	A, C	Ta	36.6	3.2	µg/g	A, C
Υ	14.1	1.8	µg/g	C	W	10.5	0.9	µg/g	A, C
Nb	124	6	µg/g	A, C	TI	6.11	0.31	µg/g	Α
Мо	29.7	3.5	µg/g	A, B	Pb	653	51	µg/g	A, B
Cd	1.62	0.17	µg/g	A, B	Bi	0.52	0.07	µg/g	A, B
In	0.157	0.014	µg/g	Α	Th	5.57	0.64	µg/g	B, C
Sn	51.9	2.5	µg/g	A, C	U	1.37	0.14	µg/g	A, B, C
Sb	1.91	0.29	µg/g	Α					

Information Values

Information Values

Analyte	Value	Uncertainty (95% CL)	Unit	Method	Analyte	Value	Uncertainty (95% CL)	Unit	Method
K	6.75	0.47	g/100g	D, E	Rb	1491	172	µg/g	A, C
Be	26.21	3.28	µg/g	Α	Zr	77	18	µg/g	C
В	31	9	µg/g	В	Ag	0.37	0.10	µg/g	A, B
S	691	360	µg/g	A, B, E	Te	0.06		µg/g	A, B
Sc	5.32	2.43	µg/g	Α	Au	0.03		µg/g	В
Ge	0.17	0.04	µg/g	A, B	Hg	0.38		µg/g	В
As	7.4	1.7	µg/g	A, B	LOI	6.74	0.08	g/100g	



The assigned values represent the mean of laboratory means. The reference values were obtained through measurements performed on the nano-powder using methods A, B, C D and or E in two competent laboratories (ISO 17025[1] accredited) based on the characterisation approaches "Characterisation of a nonoperationally defined measurand using two or more methods of demonstrable accuracy in one or more competent laboratories" or "Characterization using a single reference measurement procedure (as defined in ISO/IEC Guide 99^[2]) in two laboratories".

List of analytical methods used for certification:

- Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectroscopy (ICP-MS) or Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-AES) analysis following Four Acid Digestion
- Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectroscopy (ICP-MS) or Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-AES) analysis following Aqua Regia
- Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectroscopy (ICP-MS) analysis following Lithium Borate Fusion
- D Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-AES) analysis following Lithium **Borate Fusion**
- X-Ray Fluorescence Spectroscopy (XRF) analysis on Lithium Borate Fusion beads

Further, each laboratory's performance was statistically evaluated following recommendations from ISO Guide 35[3].

Homogeneity and stability tests were performed on the nano-pellets using LA-ICP-MS and in accordance with ASTM E826-14^[4], ISO 13528^[5], and ISO Guide 35.

The expanded uncertainty is composed of the uncertainty components from characterisation, as well as from the homogeneity, and stability. Unless stated otherwise a coverage factor k = 2 was applied to reach a confidence level of 95 %, as defined in the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM)^[6].

Information values did not fulfil all necessary statistical criteria of a reference value and should neither be considered for calibration nor validation. The information values, which have an uncertainty were demoted due to the calculated combined expanded uncertainty not being usable and or due to insufficient characterisation.

The percent loss on ignition (LOI) is calculated from the gravimetrically measured differences in weight after decomposition of the samples in the furnace.

Pellet serial number: {SERIENNUMMER}

Date of dispatch: {LIEFERDATUM}

This certificate was approved by the myStandards GmbH, Kiel, 28.03.2023 Signed: Simon Nordstad Christina Wittke CEO & Founder CEO & Founder Method Development & Production Management & Marketing



Intended Use

This microanalytical certified reference material (CRM) is designed for use by laboratories undertaking the determination of major and trace element mass fractions in muscovite minerals, KAl₂[AlSi₃O₁₀] (OH,F)₂ and equivalent matrices with LA-ICP-MS (Laser Ablation Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry). It is suitable for calibration and as a secondary reference material for the assessment of a measurement procedure and quality control. Note that the material may only be used for a single purpose in the same measurement process. For example, it must not be used for calibration and method validation at the same time.

Description of the CRM

This CRM is a nanoparticular pressed powder pellet of the muscovite mineral powder "MSNA-NP-B02". The original muscovite crystals from Namibia, Africa were cleaned, crushed, and milled to a particle size of < 63 μ m. The resulting powder was subjected to our own material-specific milling protocol, freeze-dried, homogenised, and split into batches. Batch number 2 was pressed, into 10 mm diameter pellets, without any binders using a programmable hydraulic press. The fortification of contrasting colour surrounding the reference material is, according to the manufacturer, an "organic compound". The exact composition is not specified any closer. The certificate of analysis is available on demand.

Handling advice and Storage information

Avoid touching the pellet's surface directly in order to prevent contamination. Also, do not clean the surface with any liquids as it may compromise the pellet's integrity.

Please note the label marks the bottom of the pellet.

Store the CRM in a desiccator and or in a dark and dry environment.

The myStandards GmbH cannot be held responsible for changes that happen during storage of the material at the customer's premises, especially with respect to opened samples.

Period of Validity

Provided the storage and handling conditions are met, no chemical alteration is known to exist, and the assigned values will remain stable. Therefore, the product information and assigned values for this CRM are valid for one year, pending stability monitoring, from the date of dispatch. This validity may be extended as further evidence of stability becomes available. The manufacturer will inform the customer if any alterations occur.

Safety instructions

Nano-particulate powders can cause harm if ingested, inhaled or in contact with skin. In their pressed form however, they do not exhibit any dusting. If a pellet should accidently break, we advise wearing a dust mask during clean up.

Minimal sample size

The minimal sample size corresponds to a spot size of 80 $\mu m. \,$

Further ablation conditions and signal acquisition parameters during homogeneity- and stability-testing were:

Laser fluence	5.4 J/cm ²
Repetition rate	10 Hz
Background	10 s
Signal acquisition	50 s



Metrological Traceability

This CRM has been produced in accordance with the recommendations specified in ISO 17034^[7] and ISO Guide 35 and are traceable to the base units of SI via calibrated measurements in two accredited laboratories (ISO 17025) or via calibrated measurements using a single reference measurement procedure in two accredited laboratory (ISO 17025).

Further Information

A detailed report on the certification of the reference material is available on request or can be downloaded from www.my-standards.com.

Sample handling prior to pelletising is performed manually. Therefore, small amounts of the sample material may be seen on the fortification, this does not reduce the integrity of the CRM. Please refrain from using this part of the pellet.

The pellets are sold exclusively via the myStandards GmbH and authorised subcontractors.

Document History

Version	Date	Changes applied
1.0	28.03.2023	First publication

References

- [1] EN ISO/IEC 17025:2017 (D/E), General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories
- [2] ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007, International vocabulary of metrology Basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM)
- [3] ISO Guide 35:2017 (E), Reference materials Guidance for characterization and assessment of homogeneity and stability
- **[4] ASTM E826-14**, Standard Practice for Testing Homogeneity of a Metal Lot or Batch in Solid Form by Spark Atomic Emission Spectroscopy. ASTM International, West Conshohocken, PA, 2014. www.astm.org
- [5] ISO 13528:2015 (E), Statistical methods for use in proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparison
- **[6] ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2008**, Uncertainty of measurement Part 3: Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)
- [7] EN ISO 17034:2016 (D/E), General requirements for the competence of reference material producers

Legal notice

Our order, sales and delivery conditions apply. The valid version of our general terms and conditions (status 01.09.2019) - can be found on our website: https://www.my-standards.com/terms-and-conditions/. They are also available on request.